

Compiling, linking issues

- Inclusion nightmare and compile time
- How to reduce included files
- PIMPL
- Fast PIMPL
- Template code blow
- Linking C and C++ together
- Order of linking issues
- Static initialization/destruction problem

Header files

- Good for defining interface
- Good for breaking circular dependencies
- Must for templates
- Increase compile time
- Break OO principles

Header files

```
#include <iostream>
#include <ostream>
#include <list>
// none of A, B, C, D, E are templates
// Only A and C have virtual functions
#include "a.h" // class A
#include "b.h" // class B
#include "c.h" // class C
#include "d.h" // class D
#include "e.h" // class E

class X : public A, private B
{
public:
    X( const C&);
    B f(int, char*);
    C f(int, C);
    C& g(B);
    E h(E);
    virtual std::ostream& print(std::ostream&) const;
private:
    std::list<C> clist_;
    D d_;
};
```

Header files

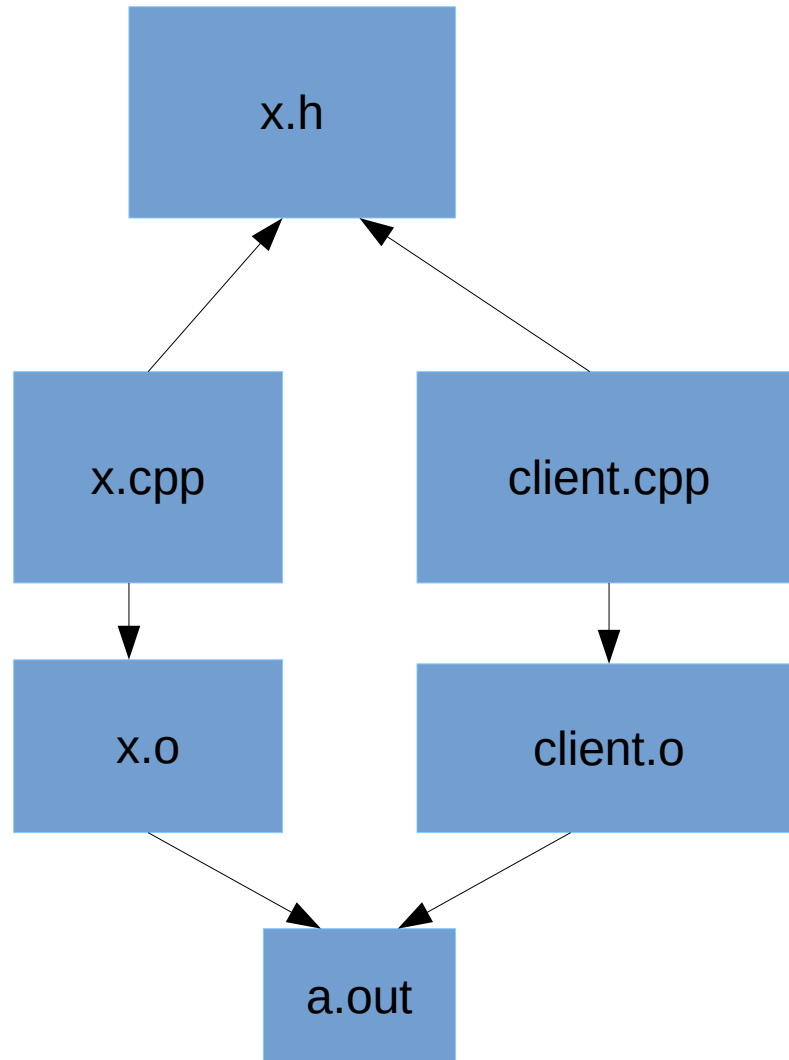
- Remove `<iostream>` People automatically include `<iostream>`, even if input functions never used.
- Replace `<ostream>` with `<iosfwd>`. Parameters and return types only need to be forward declared. Because `ostream` is `basic_ostream<char>` template, it is not enough to declare.
- Replace "e.h" with forward declaration of class E.
- Leave "a.h" and "b.h": we need a full declaration of the base classes in case of inheritance. The compiler must know the size of bases, whether functions are virtual or not.
- Leave "c.h" and "d.h": `list<C>` and D are private data members of X.

Header files v2

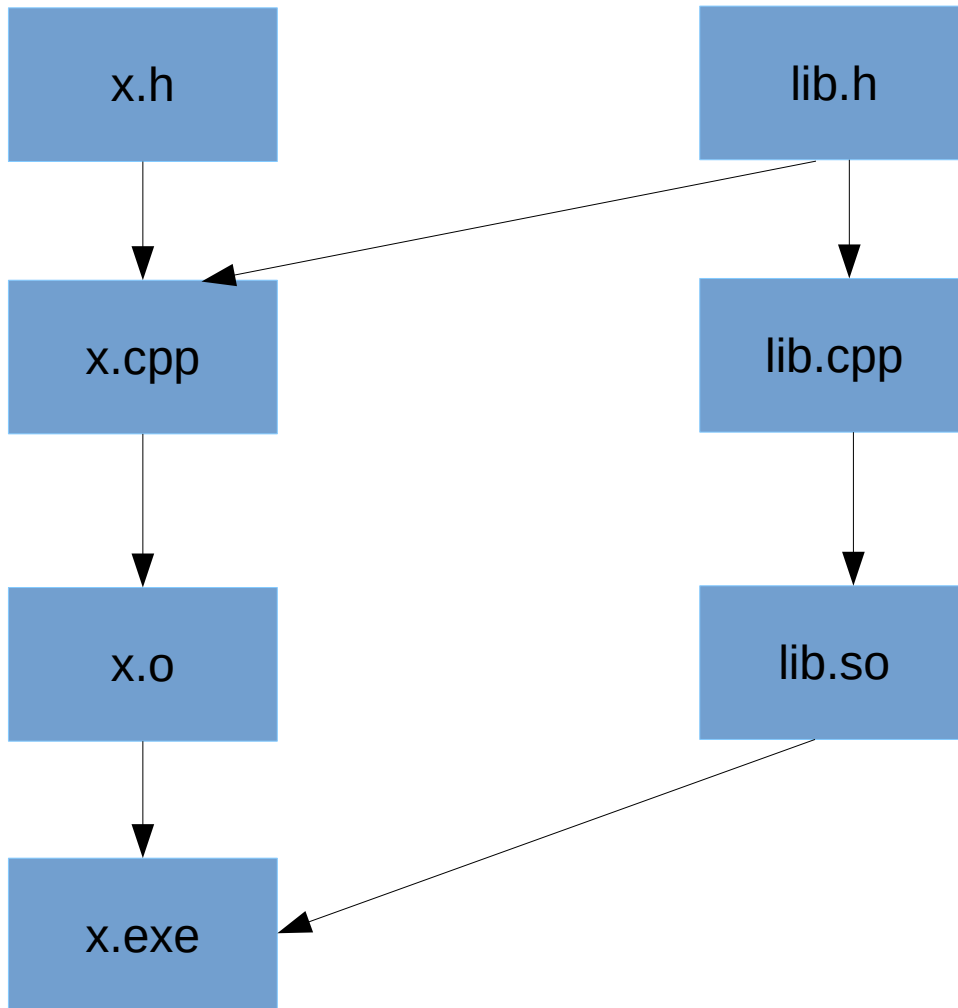
- `#include <iosfwd>`
`#include <list>`
`// none of A, B, C, D, E are templates`
`// Only A and C have virtual functions`
`#include "a.h" // class A`
`#include "b.h" // class B`
`// #include "c.h" // class C`
`#include "d.h" // class D`

`class C; class E;`
`class X : public A, private B`
`{`
`public:`
 `X(const C&);`
 `B f(int, char*);`
 `C f(int, C);`
 `C& g(B);`
 `E h(E);`
 `virtual std::ostream& print(std::ostream&) const;`
`private:`
 `std::list<C> clist_;`
 `D d_;`
`};`

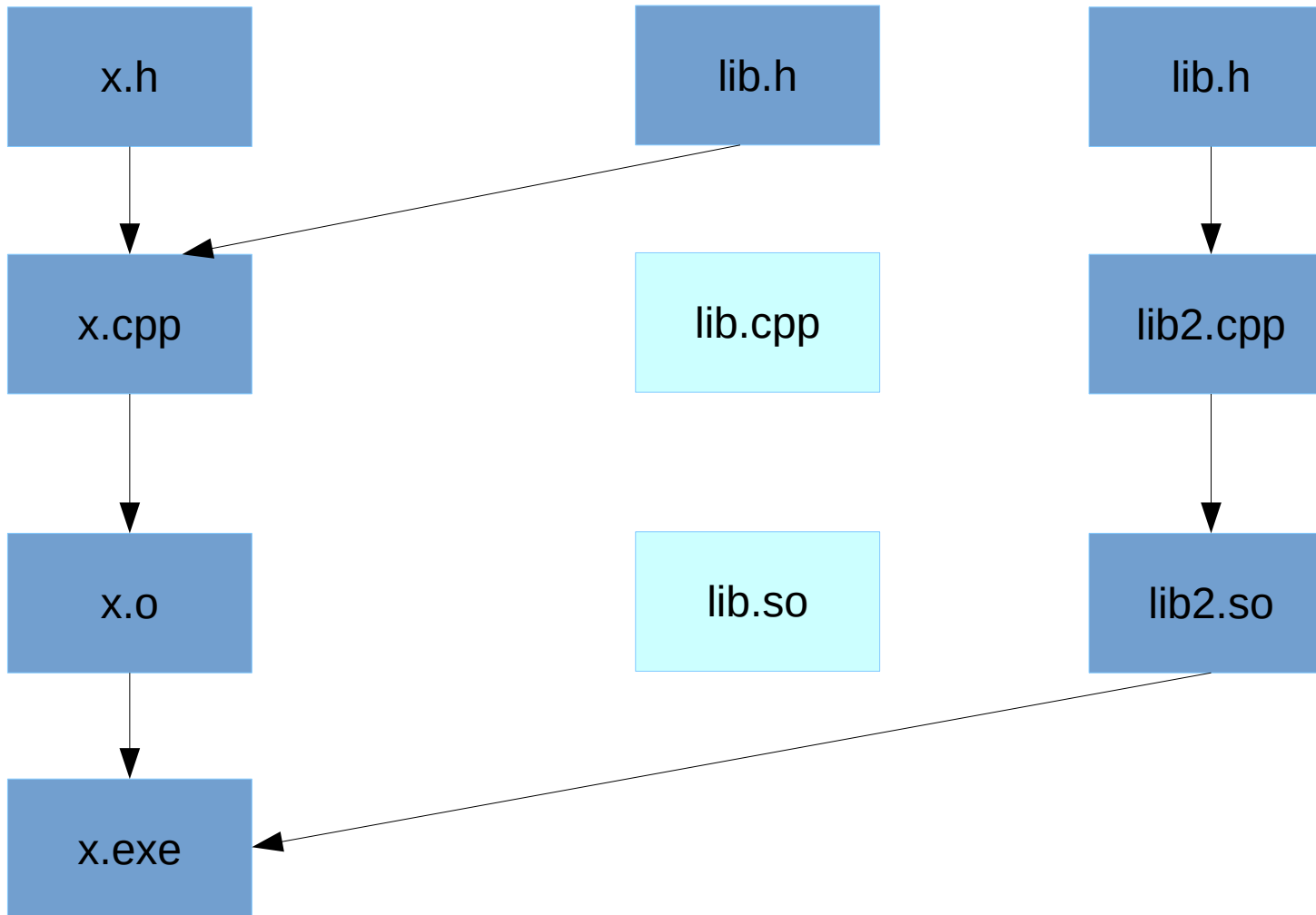
PIMPL



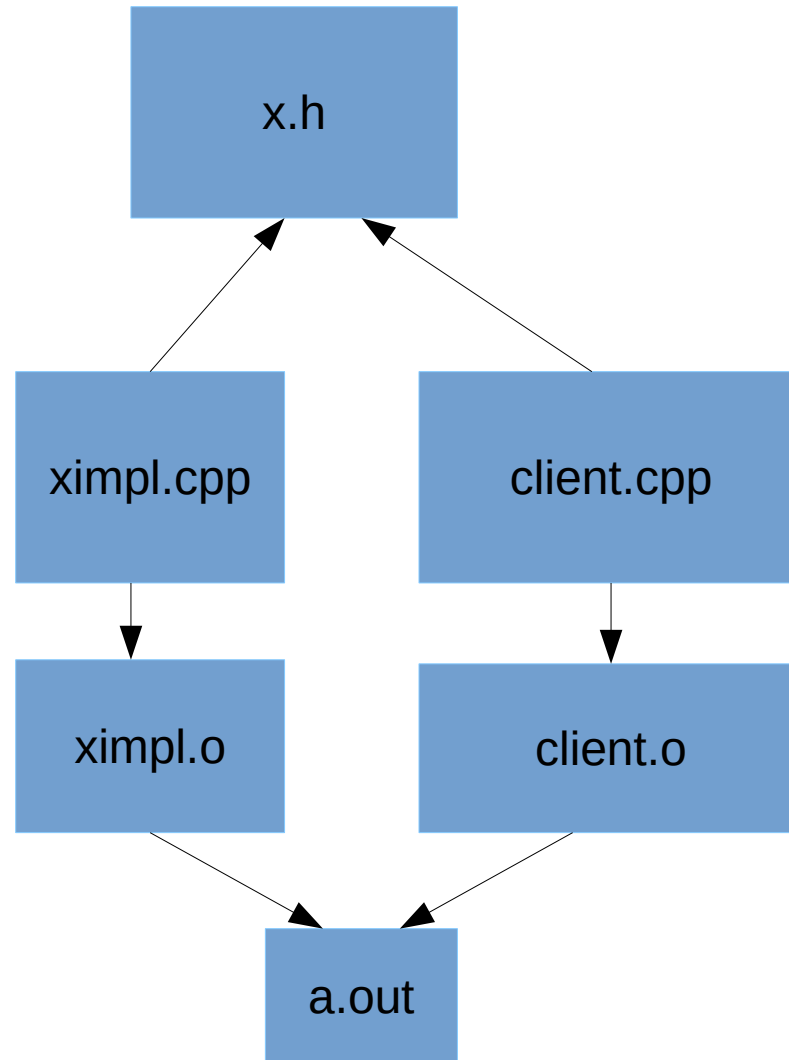
Binary compatibility



Binary compatibility



PIMPL



PIMPL

```
// file x.h
class X
{
    // public and protected members
private:
    // pointer to forward declared class
    struct XImpl;
    XImpl *pimpl_; // opaque pointer
};

// file ximpl.cpp
struct XImpl // not necessary to declare as "class"
{
    // private members; fully hidden
    // can be changed at without
    // recompiling clients
};
```

PIMPL

- ```
#include <iosfwd>
#include "a.h" // class A
#include "b.h" // class B
class C;
class E;
class X : public A, private B
{
public:
 X(const C&);
 B f(int, char*);
 C f(int, C);
 C& g(B);
 E h(E);
 virtual std::ostream& print(std::ostream&) const;
private:
 struct Ximpl;
 Ximpl *pimpl_; // opaque pointer to forward-declared class
};
// file x.cpp
#include "x.h"
#include "c.h" // class C
#include "d.h" // class D
#include <list>
struct Ximpl
{
 std::list<C> clist_;
 D d_;
};
```

# PIMPL with unique\_ptr

```
// file x.h
class X
{
public:
 X();
private:
 // pointer to forward declared class
 struct Ximpl;
 unique_ptr<Ximpl> pimpl_; // opaque pointer
};

// file ximpl.cpp
struct X::Ximpl // not necessary to declare as "class"
{
 X::X()
 // can be changed at without
 // recompiling clients
};
X::X() : pimpl_(std::make_unique<Ximpl>()) {}
```

# PIMPL with unique\_ptr

```
#include "x.h"
```

```
X xObj; // Error: incomplete type!
```

# PIMPL with unique\_ptr

```
// file x.h
class X
{
public:
 X();
 ~X(); // declaration only!
private:
 // pointer to forward declared class
 struct Ximpl;
 unique_ptr<Ximpl> pimpl_; // opaque pointer
};

// file ximpl.cpp
struct X::XImpl // not necessary to declare as "class"
{
 X::X()
 // can be changed at without
 // recompiling clients
};
X::X() : pimpl_(std::make_unique<XImpl>()) {}
X::~~X() {} // definition, also works: X::~~X() = default
```

# PIMPL with unique\_ptr

```
// file x.h
class X
{
public:
 X();
 ~X();
 X(X&& rhs);
 X& operator=(X&& rhs);
private:
 // pointer to forward declared class
 struct Ximpl;
 unique_ptr<Ximpl> pimpl_; // opaque pointer
};
```

```
// file ximpl.cpp
X::X() : pimpl_(std::make_unique<Ximpl>()) {}
X::~~X() = default;
X::X(X&& rhs) = default;
X& X::operator=(X&& rhs) = default;
```

# PIMPL with unique\_ptr

```
// file x.h
class X
{
public:
 X();
 ~X();
 X(X&& rhs);
 X& operator=(X&& rhs);
 X(const X& rhs);
 X& operator=(const X& rhs);
private:
 // pointer to forward declared class
 struct Ximpl;
 unique_ptr<Ximpl> pimpl_; // opaque pointer
};

// file ximpl.cpp
X::X(const X& rhs) : pimpl_(std::make_unique<Ximpl>(*rhs.pImpl_) {}
X& X::operator=(const X& rhs){ *pImpl_ = *rhs.pImpl_; return *this; }
```



# Removing inheritance

```
#include <iosfwd>
#include "a.h" // class A
class B;
class C;
class E;
class X : public A // ,private B
{
public:
 X(const C&);
 B f(int, char*);
 C f(int, C);
 C& g(B);
 E h(E);
 virtual std::ostream& print(std::ostream&) const;
private:
 struct Ximpl;
 XImpl *pimpl_; // opaque pointer to forward-declared class
};
// file x.cpp
#include "x.h"
#include "b.h" // class B
#include "c.h" // class C
#include "d.h" // class D
#include <list>
struct Ximpl
{
 B b_;
 std::list<C> clist_;
 D d_;
};
```

# Fast PIMPL

```
// file x.h
class X
{
 // public and protected members
private:
 static const size_t XImplSize = 128;
 char ximpl_[XImplSize]; // instead opaque pointer
};

// file ximpl.cpp
struct XImpl // not necessary to declare as "class"
{
 XImpl::XImpl(X *tp) : _self(tp) {
 static_assert (XImplSize >= sizeof(XImpl));
 // ...
 };
 X *_self; // might be different than XImpl::this
};
X::X() { new (ximpl_) XImpl(this); }
X::~X() { (reinterpret_cast<XImpl*>(ximpl_)->~XImpl()); }
```

# Fast PIMPL

```
// file x.h
class X
{
 // public and protected members
private:
 static const size_t XImplSize = 128;
 alignas(std::max_align_t) char ximpl_[XImplSize];
};

// file ximpl.cpp
struct XImpl // not necessary to declare as "class"
{
 XImpl::XImpl(X *tp) : _self(tp) {
 static_assert (XImplSize >= sizeof(XImpl));
 // ...
 };
 X *_self; // might be different than XImpl::this
};
X::X() { new (ximpl_) XImpl(this); }
X::~X() { (reinterpret_cast<XImpl*>(ximpl_)->~XImpl()); }
```

# Template code blow

- Templates are instantiated on request
- Each different template argument type creates new specialization
  - Good: we can specialize for types
  - Bad: Code is generated for all different arguments
  - All template member functions are templates

# Template code blow

```
template <class T>
class matrix
{
public:
 int get_cols() const { return cols_; }
 int get_rows() const { return rows_; }
private:
 int cols_;
 int rows_;
 T *elements_;
};

matrix<int> mi;
matrix<double> md;
matrix<long> ml;
```

# Template code blow

```
class matrix_base
{
public:
 int get_cols() const { return cols_; }
 int get_rows() const { return rows_; }
protected:
 int cols_;
 int rows_;
};

template <class T>
class matrix : public matrix_base
{
private:
 T *elements_;
};
```

# Using C and C++ together

- Object model is (almost) the same
- C++ programs regularly call C libraries
- Issues:
  - Virtual inheritance
  - Virtual functions (pointer to vtbl)
  - Mangled name vs C linkage name

# Using C and C++ together

```
//
// C++ header for C/C++ files:
//
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
 int f(int);
 double g(double, int);
 // ...
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
```



# Place of instantiation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

template<typename T>
struct Test{
 void operator()(T& lhs,T& rhs){
 std::swap(lhs,rhs);
 }
};

struct MyT { };

namespace std {
 inline void swap(MyT& lhs,MyT& rhs){
 std::cout << "MySwap" << std::endl;
 }
}

int main()
{
 MyT t1,t2;
 Test<MyT>{}(t1,t2);
}

$./a.out
$
```

# Place of instantiation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

// move Test from here
struct MyT { };

namespace std {
 inline void swap(MyT& lhs, MyT& rhs) {
 std::cout << "MySwap" << std::endl;
 }
}

// to here
template<typename T>
struct Test {
 void operator()(T& lhs, T& rhs) {
 std::swap(lhs, rhs);
 }
};

int main()
{
 MyT t1, t2;
 Test<MyT>{}(t1, t2);
}

$./a.out
MySwap
$
```

# Correct use of swap

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

struct MyT { };

namespace std { // do not extend std namespace
 inline void swap(MyT& lhs, MyT& rhs){
 std::cout << "MySwap" << std::endl;
 }
}

// works here
template<typename T>
struct Test{
 void operator()(T& lhs, T& rhs){
 using std::swap; // introduce std::swap
 swap(lhs, rhs); // use ADL to select the best swap
 }
};

int main()
{
 MyT t1, t2;
 Test<MyT>{}(t1, t2);
}

$./a.out
MySwap
$
```

# Correct use of swap

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

// works here too
template<typename T>
struct Test{
 void operator()(T& lhs,T& rhs){
 using std::swap; // introduce std::swap
 swap(lhs,rhs); // use ADL to select the best swap
 }
};

struct MyT { };

namespace std { // do not extend std namespace
 inline void swap(MyT& lhs,MyT& rhs){
 std::cout << "MySwap" << std::endl;
 }
}

int main()
{
 MyT t1,t2;
 Test<MyT>{}(t1,t2);
}

$./a.out
MySwap
$
```

# to\_string example

```
#include <string>

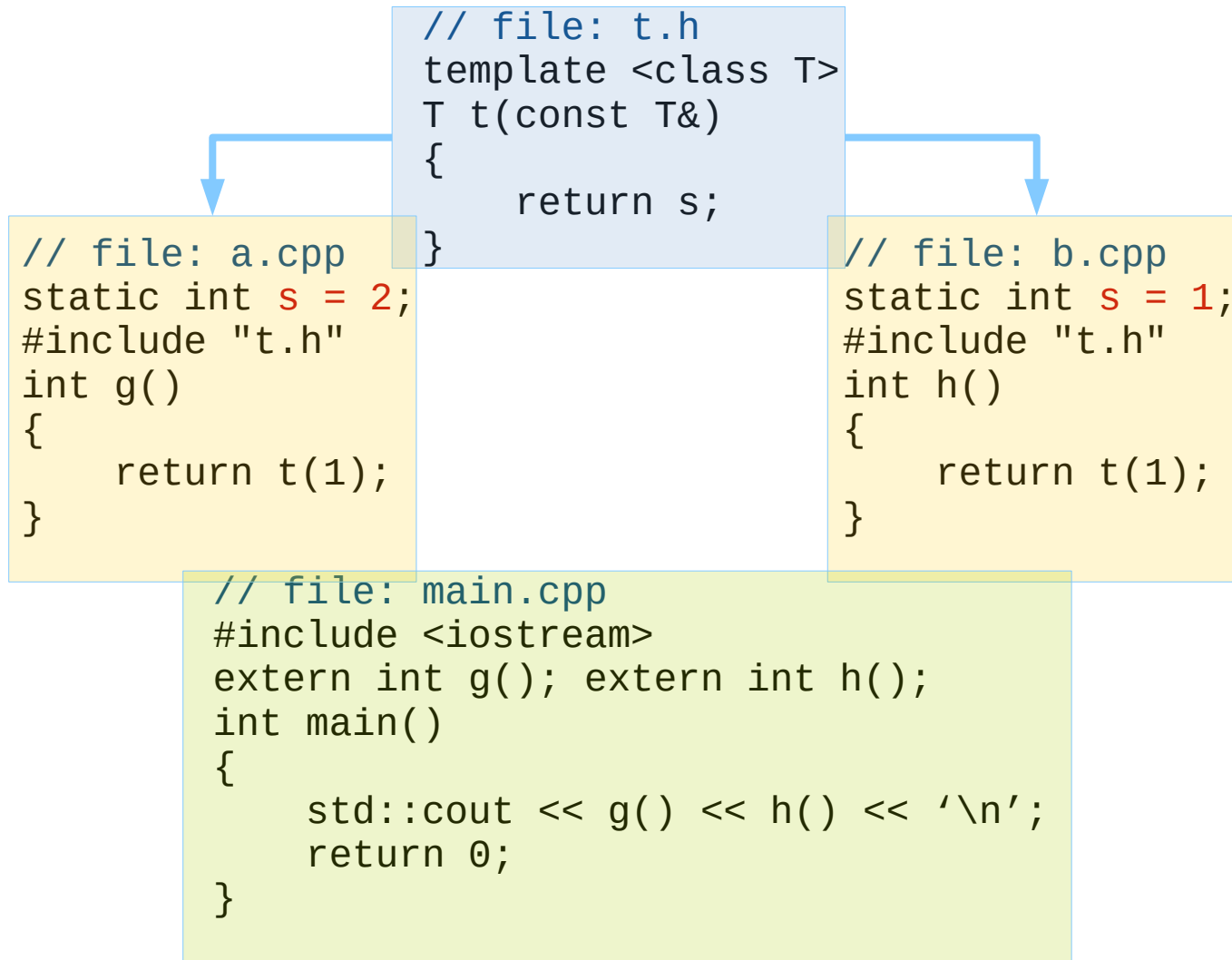
template <typename T>
class MyClass
{
public:
 std::string to_string() const;
private:
 std::string to_string_ads(const T &t) const;
};

template <typename T>
std::string MyClass<T>::to_string_ads(const T &t) const // ADS helper
{
 using std::to_string;
 return to_string(t);
}

int main()
{
 MyClass<double> td;
 MyClass<X> tx;

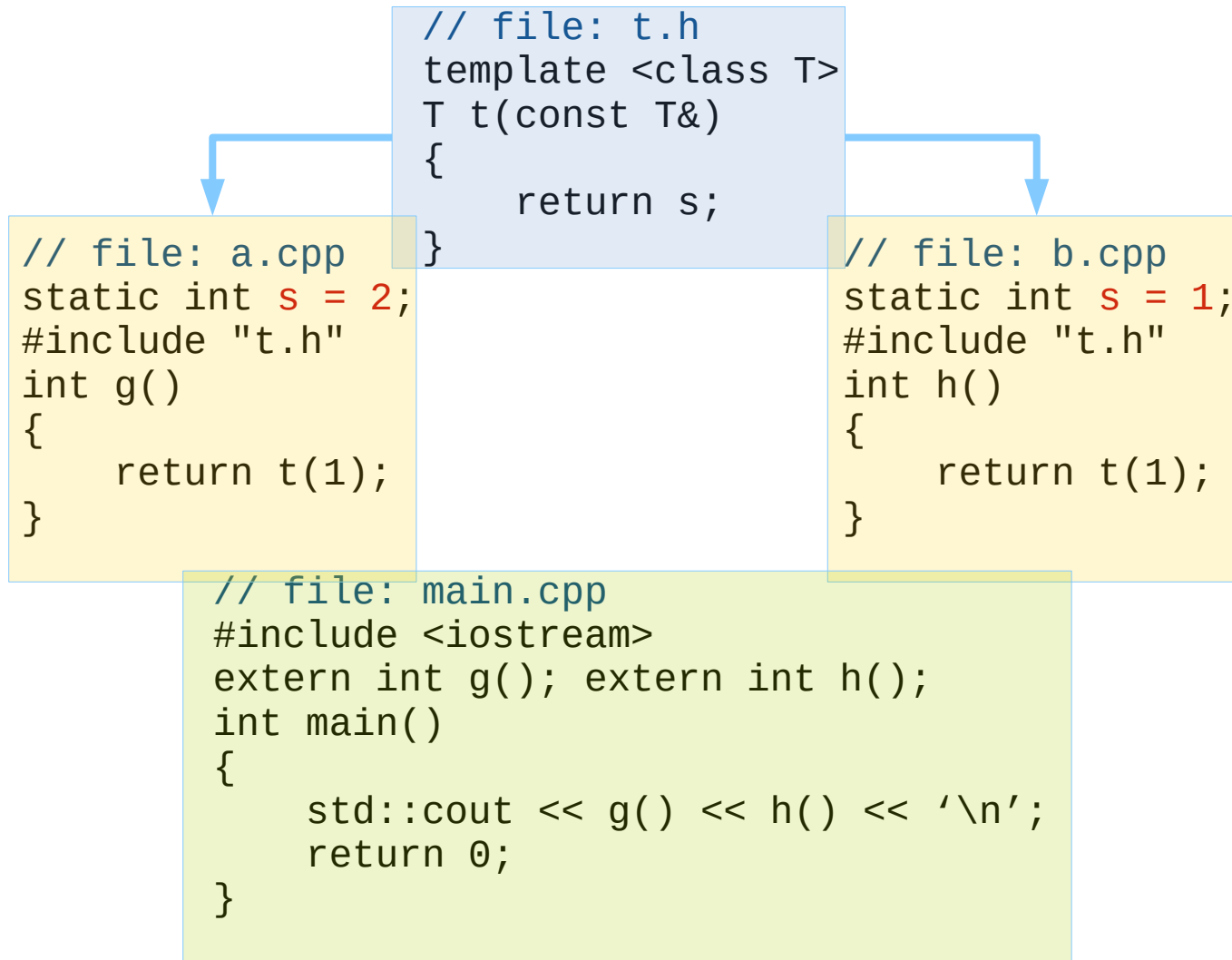
 td.to_string(); // calls std::to_string(int);
 tx.to_string(); // calls to_string(const X&);
}
```

# Order of linking?



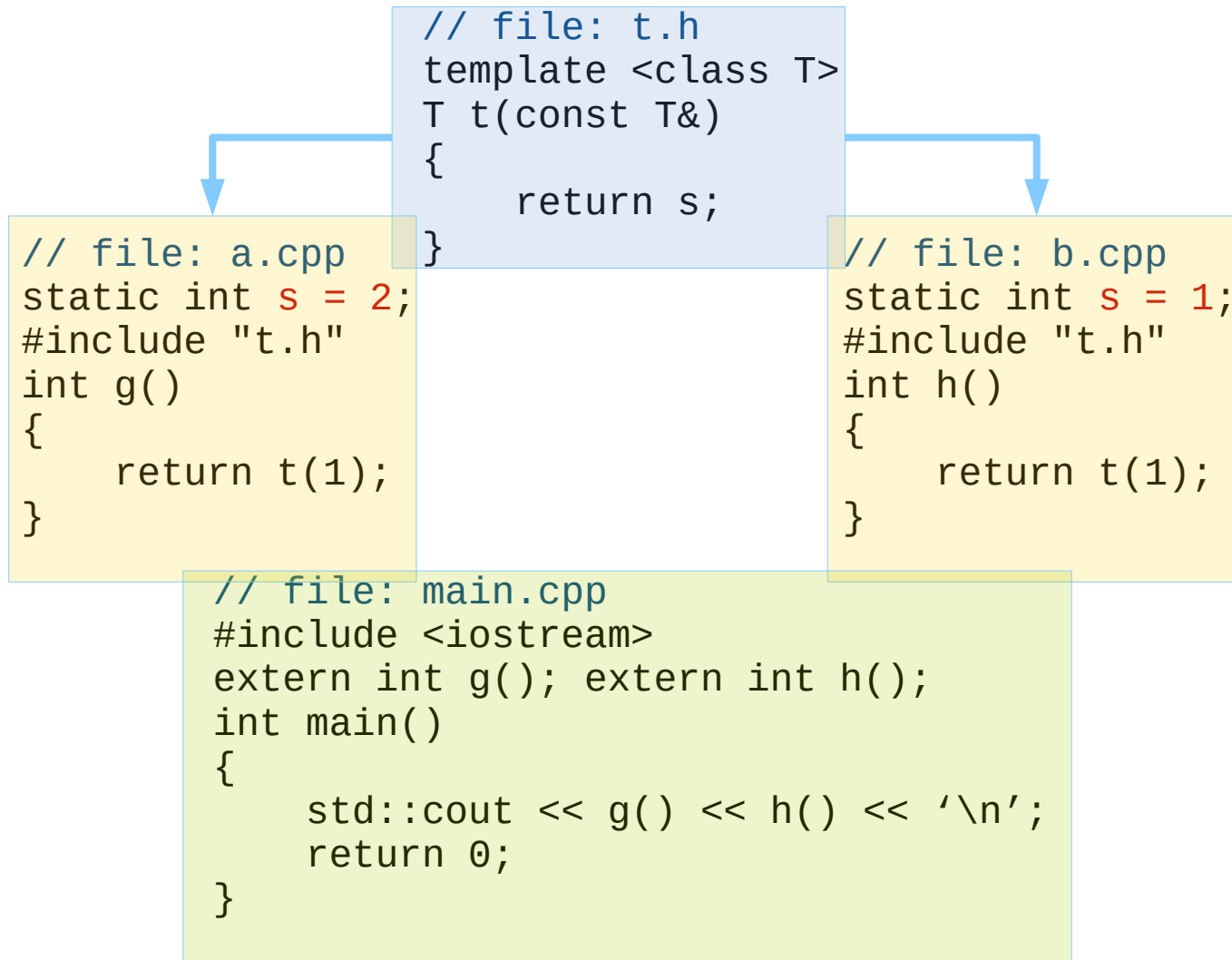
```
$ g++ main.cpp a.cpp b.cpp && ./a.out
```

# Order of linking?



```
$ g++ main.cpp a.cpp b.cpp && ./a.out
2 2
```

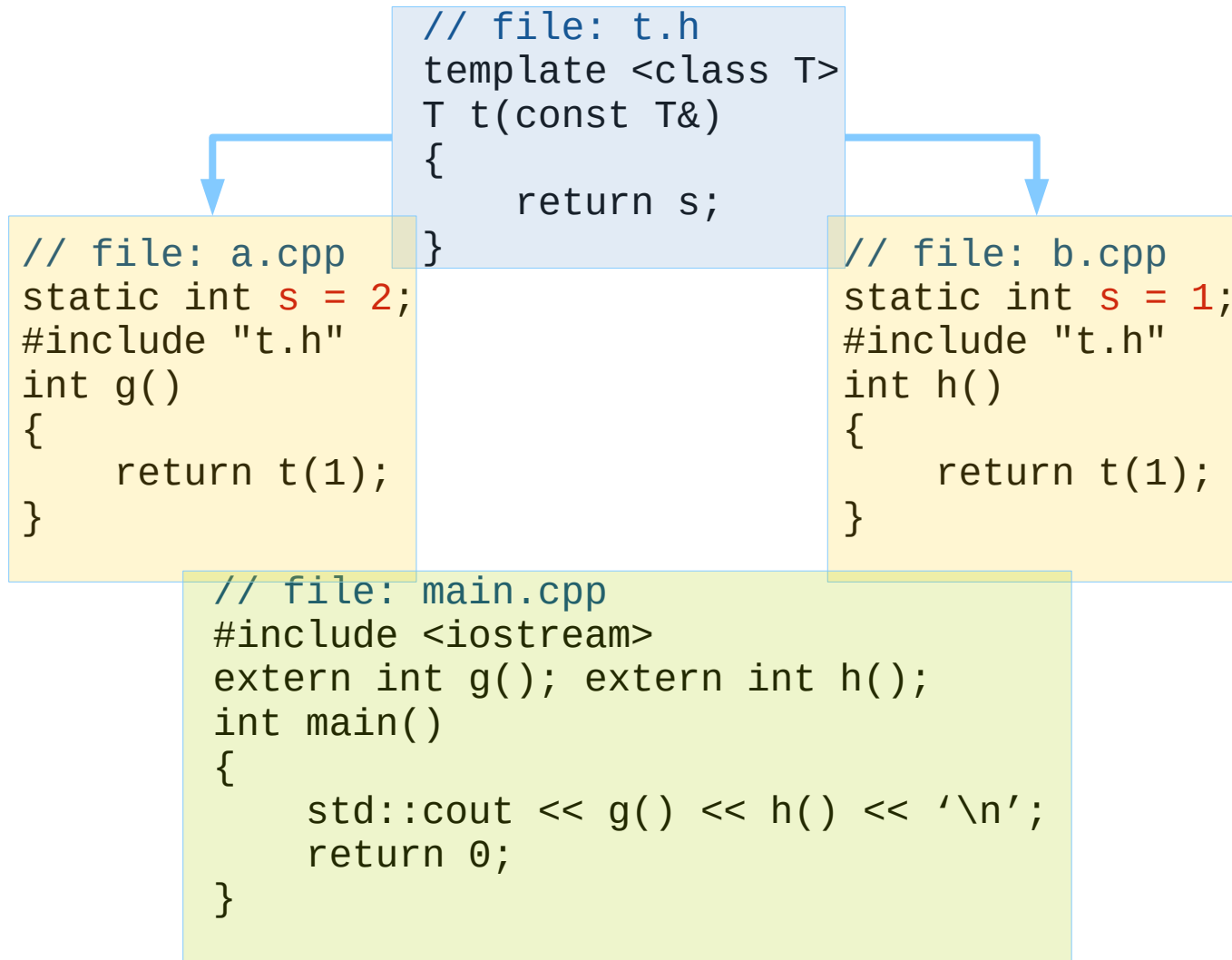
# Order of linking?



```
$ g++ main.cpp b.cpp a.cpp && ./a.out
```



# Order of linking?



```
$ g++ main.cpp b.cpp a.cpp && ./a.out
1 1
```

# Inline functions

```
// Date.h
class Date
{
public:
 // ...
private:
 // ...
 int year;
 int month;
 int day;
};

// operators for class Date
inline bool operator<(date d1, date d2) { ... }
inline bool operator==(date d1, date d2) { ... }
inline bool operator!=(date d1, date d2) { ... }
inline bool operator<=(date d1, date d2) { ... }
inline bool operator>=(date d1, date d2) { ... }
inline bool operator>(date d1, date d2) { ... }
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;

int main()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
 int g0 = 20;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;

void f()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
```

```
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;
```

```
int main()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

/usr/bin/ld: inline2.o:(.data+0x0): multiple definition of `g0'; inline1.o:(.data+0x0): first defined here

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
 int g0 = 20;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;
```

```
void f()
```

```
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
```

```
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

*/usr/bin/ld: inline2.o:(.data+0x0): multiple definition of `g0'; inline1.o:(.data+0x0): first defined here*

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
 extern int g0 = 20;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;
```

```
void f()
```

```
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;

int main()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
 extern int g0;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;

void f()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;

int main()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
 extern int g0;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;

void f()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

```
&g0 = 10, 0x40406c
&g1 = 21, 0x404060
&g2 = 12, 0x404070
&g3 = 23, 0x404068
&g0 = 10, 0x40406c
&g1 = 21, 0x404060
&g2 = 22, 0x404064
&g3 = 23, 0x404068
```

# Inline variables C++17

```
#include <iostream>
void f();
 int g0 = 10;
 inline int g1 = 11;
 static inline int g2 = 12;
 extern inline int g3 = 13;

int main()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
 f();
 return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
 extern int g0;
 inline int g1 = 21;
 static inline int g2 = 22;
 extern inline int g3 = 23;

void f()
{
 std::cout << "&g1 = " << g1 << ", " << &g1 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g2 = " << g2 << ", " << &g2 << '\n';
 std::cout << "&g3 = " << g3 << ", " << &g3 << '\n';
}
```

```
&g0 = 10, 0x40406c
&g1 = 11, 0x404060
&g2 = 12, 0x404070
&g3 = 13, 0x404068
&g0 = 10, 0x40406c
&g1 = 11, 0x404060
&g2 = 22, 0x404064
&g3 = 13, 0x404068
```



# Linker symbols

```
$ readelf inline1.o
```

| Num: | Value            | Size | Type    | Bind   | Vis     | Ndx | Name                       |
|------|------------------|------|---------|--------|---------|-----|----------------------------|
| 0:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | UND |                            |
| 1:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | FILE    | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | ABS | inline1.cpp                |
| 2:   | 0000000000000040 | 11   | FUNC    | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 4   | __GLOBAL__sub_I_inline1.cp |
| 3:   | 0000000000000004 | 4    | OBJECT  | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 7   | __ZL2g2                    |
| 4:   | 0000000000000000 | 1    | OBJECT  | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 6   | __ZStL8__ioinit            |
| 5:   | 0000000000000000 | 59   | FUNC    | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 4   | __cxx_global_var_init      |
| 6:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | SECTION | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 2   |                            |
| 7:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | SECTION | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 4   |                            |
| 8:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | SECTION | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 6   |                            |
| 9:   | 0000000000000000 | 0    | SECTION | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 7   |                            |
| 10:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | SECTION | LOCAL  | DEFAULT | 8   |                            |
| 11:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __Z1fv                     |
| 12:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZNSolsEPKv               |
| 13:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZNSolsEi                 |
| 14:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZNSt8ios_base4InitC1Ev   |
| 15:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZNSt8ios_base4InitD1Ev   |
| 16:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZSt4cout                 |
| 17:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZStlsISt11char_traitsIcE |
| 18:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __ZStlsISt11char_traitsIcE |
| 19:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | UND | __cxa_atexit               |
| 20:  | 0000000000000000 | 0    | NOTYPE  | GLOBAL | HIDDEN  | UND | __dso_handle               |
| 21:  | 0000000000000000 | 4    | OBJECT  | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | 7   | g0                         |
| 22:  | 0000000000000000 | 4    | OBJECT  | WEAK   | DEFAULT | 10  | g1                         |
| 23:  | 0000000000000000 | 4    | OBJECT  | WEAK   | DEFAULT | 12  | g3                         |
| 24:  | 0000000000000000 | 316  | FUNC    | GLOBAL | DEFAULT | 2   | main                       |

# Static initialization/destruction

- Static objects inside translation unit constructed in a well-defined order
- No ordering **between** translation units
- Issues:
  - (1) Constructor of static refers other source's static
  - (2) Destruction order
- Lazy singleton solves (1)
- Schwartz counter solves (2)

# Schwartz counter

```
// init.h
class InitMngr
{
public:
 InitMngr() { if (!count_++) init(); }
 ~InitMngr() { if (!--count_) cleanup(); }
 void init();
 void cleanup();
private:
 static long count_; // one per process
};
namespace { InitMngr initMngr; } // one per file inclusion
```

```
// init.cpp
long InitMngr::count_ = 0;
void InitMngr::init() { /* initialization */ }
void InitMngr::cleanup() { /* cleanup */ }
```